

LESS HAZARDOUS ALTERNATIVES: A CONSUMER CHOICE

Some of the most common HHW can be avoided simply by using less hazardous products. Some may require more effort than their hazardous counterparts; others may not work as quickly or as well. By using these alternatives, however, you can play a part in protecting Pennsylvania's environment.

- BATTERIES - Substitute electrically powered items or buy rechargeable.
- PAINT - Whenever possible, use latex instead of oil-based paints.
- PAINT BRUSH - Soften hard paint brushes in hot vinegar for ten minutes.
- FERTILIZER - Use compost and organic fertilizers.
- DETERGENT - Substitute a non-phosphate detergent.
- ALL PURPOSE CLEANER - Combine 1 teaspoon vegetable-oil based liquid soap, a squeeze of lemon, and 1 quart warm water. Apply with a sponge or rag and wipe clean.
- DRAIN CLEANER - Use plunger or drain snake. To prevent clogs, pour ½ cup baking soda in the drain and follow it with ½ cup vinegar. Let stand 15 minutes; flush with two quarts hot water.
- GLASS CLEANER - Mix ⅛ cup vinegar and 1 cup water in a spray bottle and apply. Wipe clean.
- WOOD POLISH - Mix ⅛ cup linseed oil, ⅛ cup vinegar, and ¼ cup lemon juice. Using a soft cloth, rub into wood.
- SPRAY STARCH - Mix 1 tablespoon cornstarch and 1 pint cold water in a spray bottle and shake to dissolve cornstarch.
- SCOURING POWDER - Use baking soda.
- COFFEE STAINS - For coffee cup stain removal, rub with moist salt or baking soda.
- TOILET CLEANER - Sprinkle baking soda into toilet and scrub.

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S.T.O.P.

PROGRAM

(STOP THROWING OUT POLLUTANTS)

DISCARD HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE SAFELY



A GUIDE TO THE SAFE USE AND DISPOSAL OF HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE

Household Hazardous Waste (HHW), when improperly stored, used, and discarded, can cause serious harmful effects on our health and in the environment. Given this, we need to understand household hazardous waste and learn to handle it safely. This bulletin contains information about HHW purchasing, harmful effects, and safe handling.

HOW TO RECOGNIZE HHW

Household Hazardous Waste comes in solid, liquid, and gaseous form. It may be one or more of the following:

- CORROSIVE
- TOXIC (POISONOUS)
- REACTIVE
- FLAMMABLE
- VOLATILE
- EXPLOSIVE

The label on containers of hazardous household products may carry the word and/or a symbol if the contents have any of these characteristics. If they appear on the label, then the product is “hazardous”.

EXAMPLES OF HHW

There are hundreds of household products that can be harmful. The following are common examples:

Note: Not all collection facilities accept these products, so please call them for details.

Household Products

DRAIN CLEANERS
OVEN CLEANERS
SILVER POLISH
OIL BASE PAINTS
LEAD BASE PAINTS
STAINS AND VARNISHES
PAINT STRIPPERS
TURPENTINE AND THINNERS
ADHESIVES
WOOD PRESERVATIVES
DRIVEWAY SEALERS
TOILET BOWL CLEANERS
DISINFECTANTS
MOTHBALLS
BATHROOM CLEANERS
CARPET CLEANERS
SPOT REMOVERS
ROOM DEODORIZERS
DRY CLEANING FLUIDS
FURNITURE POLISH

Lawn and Garden Products

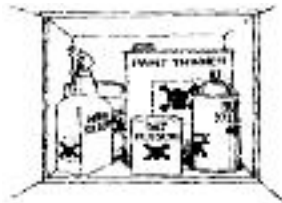
PESTICIDES
HERBICIDES
FUNGICIDES
RODENTICIDES
INSECTICIDES

Automotive Products

WASTE OIL*
ANTIFREEZE
CARBURETOR CLEANERS
OIL ADDITIVES
AUTOMOBILE BATTERIES
A/C REFRIGERANTS
WAXES AND POLISHES
AUTO BODY PUTTY
TRANSMISSION FLUID
STARTER FLUID

Other Products

SWIMMING POOL CHEMICALS
LIGHTER FLUID
PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS
SOLDER
MERCURY SWITCHES
BUTTON TYPE BATTERIES
RECHARGEABLE BATTERIES
FLASHLIGHT BATTERIES
MERCURY VAPOR LIGHTS
KEROSENE
AEROSOL CANS
ARTS AND CRAFT SUPPLIES
COMPUTERS
INK AND TONER CARTRIDGES



*Waste oil can be taken to a used oil collection site for disposal or recycling. *(One gallon of oil dumped into a surface water body can form a slick up to eight acres in size.)*

EFFECTS OF HHW

All HHW has the potential to harm human health and contaminate the environment when improperly used and discarded. Depending on the composition and characteristics, HHW may damage the skin, eyes, lungs, nervous system and such internal organs as the liver and kidneys. The effect may be acute (immediate) or chronic (long-term). Improper use and disposal of HHW will contaminate ground and surface waters, injure or kill wildlife and aquatic life, and contaminate the indoor and outdoor atmosphere.

SUGGESTIONS FOR HHW SAFETY

PURCHASING

- Always read the label before purchasing household products.
- Never purchase more than you can use in a short time.
- Purchase the least hazardous product that will serve your purpose.

STORING

- Store containers in a clean, orderly, dry, cool, well ventilated place.
- Keep HHW out of the reach of children and pets.
- Do not remove labels.
- Keep containers tightly sealed.

USING

- Always follow directions printed on the label.
- Keep children and pets away when using hazardous products.
- Ensure work area is well ventilated.
- Keep products away from open flame.
- Don't use more of the product than is recommended.
- Never mix products together unless indicated in the directions.

DISCARDING

- Do not discard products or partially filled containers with the garbage.
- Do not pour leftover products into the sewage system or storm water drain.
- Share leftover products with others who can properly use the product.
- Do not remove products from their original container and do not remove labels.
- Wrap each container in a plastic bag, seal tightly, and store in a clean, dry, cool place until time of transport to a collection facility.